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=> s (IGF-2 or IGF-II or insulin(w)like(w)growth(w)factor(w)II)
         24302 (IGF-2 OR IGF-II OR INSULIN(W) LIKE(W) GROWTH(W) FACTOR(W) II)
=> s ll or (tgf-beta or tumor(w)growth(w)factor(w)beta)
        113372 L1 OR (TGF-BETA OR TUMOR(W) GROWTH(W) FACTOR(W) BETA)
=> s 12 and (treat? or therap?)
         34899 L2 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
1.3
=> s l1 or (tgf-beta(s)analog? or tumor(w)growth(w)factor(w)beta(s)analog?)
         24773 L1 OR (TGF-BETA(S) ANALOG? OR TUMOR(W) GROWTH(W) FACTOR(W) BETA(
                S) ANALOG?)
=> dis his
      (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:20 ON 26 OCT 2005)
     FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 15:08:27 ON
     26 OCT 2005
          24302 S (IGF-2 OR IGF-II OR INSULIN(W)LIKE(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)II)
L1
         113372 S L1 OR (TGF-BETA OR TUMOR(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)BETA)
L2
          34899 S L2 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
1.3
          24773 S L1 OR (TGF-BETA(S)ANALOG? OR TUMOR(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)BETA(S
L4
=> s 14 and (treat? or therap?)
          5894 L4 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
L5
=> s 15 and (embryo or pregnan?)
           628 L5 AND (EMBRYO OR PREGNAN?)
L6
=> dup rem
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):16
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6
            327 DUP REM L6 (301 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
1.7
=> s 16 and cytotrophoblast
            11 L6 AND CYTOTROPHOBLAST
L8
=> s l1 or (tgf-beta(s)antibod? or tumor(w)growth(w)factor(w)beta(s)antibod?)
         32022 L1 OR (TGF-BETA(S) ANTIBOD? OR TUMOR(W) GROWTH(W) FACTOR(W)
L9
                BETA(S) ANTIBOD?)
=> s 19 and (embryo or pregnan?)
          4008 L9 AND (EMBRYO OR PREGNAN?)
L10
=> s 110 and (treat? or therap?)
Lll
           774 L10 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
=> s 111 and infertil?
L12
             24 L11 AND INFERTIL?
=> s 110 and differen?
```

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=> rem dup 111
DUP IS NOT VALID HERE
The DELETE command is used to remove various items stored by the system.

To delete a saved query, saved answer set, saved L-number list, SDI request, batch request, mailing list, or user-defined cluster, format, or search field, enter the name. The name may include? for left, right, or simultaneous left and right truncation.

Examples:

```
DELETE BIO?/Q - delete query names starting with BIO
DELETE ?DRUG/A - delete answer set names ending with DRUG
DELETE ?ELEC?/L - delete L-number lists containing ELEC
DELETE ANTICOAG/S - delete SDI request
DELETE ENZYME/B - delete batch request
DELETE .MYCLUSTER - delete user-defined cluster
DELETE .MYFORMAT - delete user-defined display format
DELETE .MYFIELD - delete user-defined search field
DELETE NAMELIST MYLIST - delete mailing list
```

To delete an ordered document or an offline print, enter its number.

Examples:

```
DELETE P123001C - delete print request
DELETE D134002C - delete document order request
```

To delete an individual L-number or range of L-numbers, enter the L-number or L-number range. You may also enter DELETE LAST followed by a number, n, to delete the last n L-numbers. RENUMBER or NORENUMBER may also be explicitly specified to override the value of SET RENUMBER.

Examples:

```
DELETE L21 - delete a single L-number

DELETE L3-L6 - delete a range of L-numbers

DELETE LAST 4 - delete the last 4 L-numbers

DELETE L33- - delete L33 and any higher L-number

DELETE L2-L6 RENUMBER - delete L55 and any lower L-number

DELETE RENUMBER - renumber remaining L-numbers

DELETE RENUMBER - renumber L-numbers after deletion of intermediate L-numbers
```

Entire sets of saved items, SDI requests, batch requests, user-defined items, or E-numbers can be deleted.

Examples:

```
DELETE SAVED/Q - delete all saved queries

DELETE SAVED/L - delete all saved answer sets

DELETE SAVED - delete all saved L-number lists

DELETE SAVED - delete all saved queries, answer sets, and L-number lists

DELETE SAVED/S - delete all SDI requests

DELETE SAVED/B - delete all batch requests

DELETE CLUSTER - delete all user-defined clusters

DELETE FORMAT - delete all user-defined display formats
```

```
DELETE FIELD
               - delete all user-defined search fields
  DELETE SELECT - delete all E-numbers
  DELETE HISTORY - delete all L-numbers and restart the
                   session at L1
To delete an entire multifile SDI request, enter DELETE and
the name of the request. To delete a component from the
multifile SDI, enter DELETE and the name of the component.
=> dup rem 111
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11
L14
            397 DUP REM L11 (377 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> dis his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:20 ON 26 OCT 2005)
     FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 15:08:27 ON
     26 OCT 2005
          24302 S (IGF-2 OR IGF-II OR INSULIN(W)LIKE(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)II)
L1
         113372 S L1 OR (TGF-BETA OR TUMOR(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)BETA)
L2
          34899 S L2 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
L3
          24773 S L1 OR (TGF-BETA(S)ANALOG? OR TUMOR(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)BETA(S
L4
          5894 S L4 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
L5
            628 S L5 AND (EMBRYO OR PREGNAN?)
L6
            327 DUP REM L6 (301 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L7
             11 S L6 AND CYTOTROPHOBLAST
L8
          32022 S L1 OR (TGF-BETA(S)ANTIBOD? OR TUMOR(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)BETA(
L9
L10
           4008 S L9 AND (EMBRYO OR PREGNAN?)
            774 S L10 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
L11
            24 S L11 AND INFERTIL?
L12
           1833 S L10 AND DIFFEREN?
L13
           397 DUP REM L11 (377 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L14
=> s l14 and uteri?
            35 L14 AND UTERI?
L15
=> dis 115 ibib abs 1-10
L15 ANSWER 1 OF 35
                        MEDLINE on STN
                    2005511706
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                                   IN-PROCESS
                    PubMed ID: 16183872
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    Endocrine disruption of uterine insulin-like
TITLE:
                    growth factor expression in the pregnant gilt.
                    Ashworth M D; Ross J W; Stein D R; Allen D T; Spicer L J;
AUTHOR:
                    Geisert R D
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    Department of Animal Science, Oklahoma Agricultural
                    Experiment Station, Animal Science Building, Oklahoma State
                    University, Stillwater, Oklahoma 74078, USA.
                    Reproduction (Cambridge, England), (2005 Oct) 130 (4)
SOURCE:
                    545-51.
                    Journal code: 100966036. ISSN: 1470-1626.
                    England: United Kingdom
PUB. COUNTRY:
                    Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                    English
FILE SEGMENT:
                    NONMEDLINE; IN-DATA-REVIEW; IN-PROCESS; NONINDEXED;
                    Priority Journals
ENTRY DATE:
                    Entered STN: 20050927
                    Last Updated on STN: 20050927
AB
     Early exposure of pregnant gilts to oestrogen, prior to the
     normal period of porcine conceptus oestrogen secretion, disrupts the
     uterine environment resulting in complete embryonic mortality
     during the period of placental attachment to the uterine
```

surface. The current study evaluates the uterine insulin-like

growth factor (IGF) system following endocrine disruption of early pregnancy in gilts through exposure to exogenous oestrogen on Days 9 and 10 of gestation. Endometrial IGF gene and protein expression, IGF-I receptor (IGF-IR) gene expression, and uterine lumenal content of IGF binding proteins (IGFBPs) were evaluated in control and oestrogentreated gilts on Days 10, 12, 13, 15 and 17 of gestation. Oestrogen treatment altered endometrial IGF-I and IGF-IR gene expression on Days 12 and 13 of gestation. Uterine content of IGF-I and IGF-II in control gilts was greatest on Days 10, 12, and 13 followed by a four- to sixfold decrease on Day 15 of gestation. Oestrogen treatment caused a premature proteolysis of IGFBPs within the pregnant pig uterus on Day 10 of gestation, and an earlier decline in uterine lumenal IGF-I content. Results demonstrate that early exposure of pregnant gilts to oestrogen causes premature loss of uterine IGFs during the period of conceptus elongation. Timing for the release of uterine IGFs during early porcine conceptus development may play an important function in the ability of the conceptus to attach and survive during the establishment of pregnancy.

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 35 MEDLINE ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005150324 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15749960

TITLE: The IGF system in the neonatal ovine uterus.

AUTHOR: Hayashi Kanako; Carpenter Karen D; Welsh Thomas H Jr; Burghardt Robert C; Spicer Leon J; Spencer Thomas E

CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Animal Biotechnology and Genomics and Department

of Animal Science, Texas A&M University, College Station,

Texas 77843, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: HD38274 (NICHD)

P30 ES09106 (NIEHS)

SOURCE: Reproduction (Cambridge, England), (2005 Mar) 129 (3)

337-47.

Journal code: 100966036. ISSN: 1470-1626.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200506

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20050324

Last Updated on STN: 20050614 Entered Medline: 20050613

AB Postnatal development of the ovine uterus primarily involves uterine gland morphogenesis or adenogenesis. Adenogenesis involves the budding differentiation of the glandular epithelium (GE) from the luminal epithelium (LE) and then GE proliferation and coiling/branching morphogenetic development within the stroma between birth (postnatal day or PND 0) and PND 56. Insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-I and IGF-II mRNAs were previously found to be expressed only in the endometrial stroma, whereas the IGF receptor (IGF-1R) mRNA was most abundant in epithelia and in stroma, suggesting that an intrinsic IGF system regulates postnatal development of the uterus. Given that the biological activities of IGFs are modulated by a family of six IGF binding proteins (IGFBPs) and specific proteases, the objective was to determine the effects of age and estrogen disruption on expression of IGFs, IGFBPs and pregnancy-associated plasma protein A (PAPP-A or IGFBP-4 protease) in the ovine uterus. In Study One, circulating levels of IGF-I and IGF-II in the serum of neonatal ewes did not change between PND 0 and PND 56. Levels of immunoreactive IGF-I, IGF-II and IGF-1R protein were most abundant on the apical surface of the endometrial LE and GE. analyses detected expression of IGFBPs (3, 4, 5 and 6) as well as PAPP-A mRNAs in the uterus, but not IGFBP-1 and IGFBP-2 mRNAs. IGFBP-3 and IGFBP-4 mRNAs were expressed specifically in the endometrial stroma and

myometrium and increased after birth. PAPP-A mRNA was expressed specifically in the endometrial stroma and increased after birth. In Study Two, ewes were treated from birth with estradiol-17beta valerate (EV), which reduces uterine growth and inhibits endometrial adenogenesis. On PNDs 14 and 56, IGFBP-3 mRNA was decreased in the uterus of EV-treated ewes, but IGF-1R and IGFBP-4 mRNAs were not affected. PAPP-A mRNA was increased by EV treatment on PND 14, but decreased on PND 56. These results support the hypothesis that an intrinsic IGF system in the uterus regulates epithelial-stromal interactions important for postnatal uterine growth and endometrial gland morphogenesis in the sheep.

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 35 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004467501 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15377605

TITLE: Pregnancy and bovine somatotropin in nonlactating

dairy cows: I. Ovarian, conceptus, and insulin-like growth

factor system responses.

AUTHOR: Bilby T R; Guzeloglu A; Kamimura S; Pancarci S M; Michel F;

Head H H; Thatcher W W

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Animal Sciences, University of Florida,

Gainesville 32611, USA.

SOURCE: Journal of dairy science, (2004 Oct) 87 (10) 3256-67.

Journal code: 2985126R. ISSN: 0022-0302.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200501

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20040921

Last Updated on STN: 20050126

Entered Medline: 20050125

AB Nonlactating dairy cows were used to exam

Nonlactating dairy cows were used to examine effects of bovine ΑB somatotropin (bST) on components of the insulin-like growth factor (IGF) system. Estrus was synchronized in cows with a Presynch + Ovsynch protocol and timed AI (TAI; n = 55) or not TAI (cycling, C; n = 23) on d 0 (time of synchronized ovulation). On d 0 and 11, cows received bST (500 mg) or no bST, and were sacrificed on d 17. Pregnancy rates were less in bST cows (27.2%, 9 of 33) than in controls (63.6%; 14 of 22). In contrast, conceptuses were larger in bST-treated cows (39.2 +/-4.8 cm) than in controls (20 +/-4.3 cm). Total interferon-tau in uterine luminal flushings (ULF) was greater in bST-treated cows (7.15 > 2.36 microg). Number of class 2 follicles (6 to 9 mm) was less in bST-C cows on d 7 and 16. On d 17, corpus luteum (CL) weight tended to be greater in bST-treated cows. Concentrations of progesterone were greater after d 10 in C than in pregnant (P) cows. In the ULF, IGF-binding protein-3 was greater in bST-P cows than in pregnant cows. A tendency for an increase in IGF-I hormone concentrations in the ULF was detected on d 17 in bST-treated and cyclic cows. Endometrial mRNA for IGF-I, IGF-II, IGFBP-2, and IGFBP-3 increased in bST-C, but not in bST-P cows. Treatment with bST increased plasma concentrations of insulin, IGF-I, and growth hormone (GH). In conclusion, bST may have hyperstimulated plasma IGF-I and insulin to cause asynchrony between conceptus and uterus that was detrimental to pregnancy.

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 35 MEDLINE ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004297924 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15059950

TITLE: Neonatal estrogen exposure disrupts uterine

development in the postnatal sheep.

AUTHOR: Hayashi Kanako; Carpenter Karen D; Spencer Thomas E

CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Animal Biotechnology and Genomics, Department of

Animal Science, Texas A&M University, College Station,

Texas 77843-2471, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: HD38274 (NICHD)

P30 ES09106 (NIEHS)

SOURCE: Endocrinology, (2004 Jul) 145 (7) 3247-57. Electronic

Publication: 2004-04-01.

Journal code: 0375040. ISSN: 0013-7227.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200407

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20040617

Last Updated on STN: 20040715 Entered Medline: 20040714

Postnatal development of the ovine uterus between birth and postnatal day AB (PND) 56 involves budding differentiation of the endometrial glandular epithelium from the luminal epithelium (LE) followed by extensive coiling and branching morphogenesis of the tubular glands. To determine the short- and long-term effects of estrogen on neonatal ovine uterine development after PND 14, neonatal sheep were randomly assigned at birth (PND 0) to be treated daily with estradiol-17beta benzoate (EB; 0, 0.01, 0.1, 1, or 10 microg/kg body weight.d) during one of two developmental periods (PND 14-27 or 42-55). All ewes were hemiovariohysterectomized at the end of EB treatment on either PND 28 or 56, and the remaining uterine horn and ovary removed on PND 112. Immediate responses to EB treatment included doseand age-dependent increases in uterine wet weight, thickness of the endometrium, myometrium, and LE, but decreases in endometrial glands on PND 28 and 56. Transient exposure to EB decreased gland number and thickness of the endometrium and LE on PND 112 but did not affect extrauterine reproductive tract structures. The mechanism of estrogen inhibition of uterine development did not involve effects on cell proliferation. Real-time PCR analyses found that EB exposure disrupted normal patterns of growth factor (IGF-I, IGF-II, fibroblast growth factor-7, fibroblast growth factor-10, and hepatocyte growth factor) and receptor mRNA expression in the uterus. Transient exposure of the neonatal ewe to estrogens during critical periods specifically alters growth factor networks that perturb normal development of the uterus, leading to permanent alterations in uterine structure and function.

L15 ANSWER 5 OF 35 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003523798 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 14601886

TITLE: Uterine immune reaction and reproductive

performance of sows inseminated with extended semen and

infused with pooled whole dead semen.

AUTHOR: Lessard M; Lepine M; Matte J J; Palin M F; Laforest J P

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dairy and Swine Research and Development Centre,

Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Lennoxville, Canada JlM

1Z3.. lessardm@agr.qc.ca

SOURCE: Journal of animal science, (2003 Nov) 81 (11) 2818-25.

Journal code: 8003002. ISSN: 0021-8812.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200402

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20031107

Last Updated on STN: 20040213 Entered Medline: 20040212

AB The objective of this study was to investigate the effect of infusing whole dead semen (WDS) after AI with diluted commercial semen on uterine inflammatory reaction and embryonic survival rate in

gilts. Sixty Yorkshire-Landrace gilts were assigned at their second estrus to one of the following AI treatments: 1) commercial semen adjusted to 1 x 10(9) sperm cells (S1) per dose, followed by an infusion of 80 mL of WDS (S1-WDS); 2) S1 followed by an infusion of 80 mL of Beltsville Thawing Solution (S1-BTS); 3) commercial semen adjusted to 3 x 10(9) sperm cells (S3) per dose, followed by an infusion of 80 mL of BTS (S3-BTS); and 4) a negative control group, in which gilts received two infusions of 80 mL of BTS (BTS). Two days after the first AI, eight gilts from Groups 1, 2, and 4 were slaughtered and reproductive tracts were collected. One horn was cut open longitudinally along the antimesometrial aspect and endometrial samples were taken and immediately frozen for analysis of messenger RNA (mRNA) abundance for inflammatory cytokines and growth factors. The other horn was flushed with 20 mL of PBS, and the contents of interferon-gamma (IFN-gamma), tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha) and transforming growth factor-betal (TGF-betal) were determined by ELISA. On d 25 after AI, gilts from Groups 1, 2, and 3 were slaughtered and their reproductive tracts were collected to evaluate the number of fetuses and corpora lutea. On d 2 after the first AI, only TGF-betal was detected in the flush of all gilts, and no difference was observed between S1-WDS, S1-BTS, and BTS gilts. Endometrial levels of IFN-gamma and interleukin (IL)-6 mRNA were marked in all gilts, but they were not affected by the AI treatments, whereas the mRNA abundances for IL-1 and IL-2 were negligible. Infusions of WDS or BTS after a fertile AI did not affect IGF-I, IGF-I receptor, or IGF-II mRNA levels compared with gilts infused with BTS only, whereas the mRNA abundance for the IGF-II receptor was decreased (P < 0.05) in WDS-infused gilts. In gilts inseminated with S1 doses, infusion of WDS did not affect the number of live embryos Although infusions of WDS did not affect the mRNA level and secretion of the cytokines measured and did not improve embryonic survival rates, further studies are needed to better understand the influence of semen composition on the uterine response after mating.

L15 ANSWER 6 OF 35 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003341515 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12700189

TITLE: Estrogen and antiestrogen effects on neonatal ovine

uterine development.

AUTHOR: Carpenter Karen D; Gray C Allison; Bryan Tina M; Welsh

Thomas H Jr; Spencer Thomas E

CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Animal Biotechnology and Genomics, Department of

Animal Science, Texas A&M University, College Station,

Texas 77843-2471, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: HD38274 (NICHD)

P30ES09106 (NIEHS)

SOURCE: Biology of reproduction, (2003 Aug) 69 (2) 708-17.

Electronic Publication: 2003-04-16.
Journal code: 0207224. ISSN: 0006-3363.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200404

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030723

Last Updated on STN: 20040407 Entered Medline: 20040406

AB Postnatal development of the ovine uterus between birth and Postnatal Day (PND) 56 involves differentiation of the endometrial glandular epithelium from the luminal epithelium followed by tubulogenesis and branching morphogenesis. These critical events coincide with expression of estrogen receptor alpha (ERalpha) by nascent endometrial glands and stroma. To test the working hypothesis that estrogen and uterine ERalpha regulate uterine growth and endometrial gland morphogenesis in the neonatal ewe, ewes were treated daily from birth (PND 0) to

PND 55 with 1) saline and corn oil as a vehicle control (CX), 2) estradiol-17 beta (E2) valerate (EV), an ERalpha agonist, 3) EM-800, an ERalpha antagonist, or 4) CGS 20267, a nonsteroidal aromatase inhibitor. On PND 14, ewes were hemihysterectomized, and the ipsilateral oviduct and ovary were removed. The remaining uterine horn, oviduct, and ovary were removed on PND 56. Treatment with CGS 20267 decreased plasma E2 levels, whereas EM-800 had no effect compared with CX ewes. Uterine horn weight and length were not affected by EM-800 or CGS 20267 but were decreased in EV ewes on PND 56. and PND 56, treatment with EV decreased endometrial thickness but increased myometrial thickness. The numbers of ductal gland invaginations and endometrial glands were not affected by CGS but were lower in EM-800 ewes on PND 56. Exposure to EV completely inhibited endometrial gland development and induced luminal epithelial hypertrophy but did not alter uterine cell proliferation. Exposure to EV substantially decreased expression of ERalpha, insulin-like growth factor (IGF) I, and IGF-II in the endometrium. Results indicate that circulating E2 does not regulate endometrial gland differentiation or development. Although ERalpha does not regulate initial differentiation of the endometrial glandular epithelium, results indicate that ERalpha does regulate, in part, coiling and branching morphogenesis of endometrial glands in the neonatal ewe. Ablation of endometrial gland genesis by EV indicates that postnatal uterine development is extremely sensitive to the detrimental effects of inappropriate steroid exposure.

L15 ANSWER 7 OF 35 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003179127 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 12697039

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

AUTHOR:

Chronic pulsatile infusion of growth hormone to

growth-restricted fetal sheep increases circulating fetal insulin-like growth factor-I levels but not fetal growth. Bauer M K; Breier B B; Bloomfield F H; Jensen E C; Gluckman

P D; Harding J E

The Liggins Institute, Faculty of Medical and Health CORPORATE SOURCE:

Science, University of Auckland, Private Bag 92019, New

Zealand.

Journal of endocrinology, (2003 Apr) 177 (1) 83-92. SOURCE:

Journal code: 0375363. ISSN: 0022-0795.

England: United Kingdom PUB. COUNTRY:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

200306 ENTRY MONTH:

Entered STN: 20030417 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 20030625 Entered Medline: 20030624

Intra-uterine growth restriction (IUGR) is a major cause of AΒ perinatal mortality and morbidity. Postnatally, growth hormone (GH) increases growth, increases circulating insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-I levels, and alters metabolism. Our aim was to determine if GH infusion to IUGR fetal sheep would alter fetal growth and metabolism, and thus provide a potential intra-uterine treatment for the IUGR fetus. We studied three groups of fetuses: control, IUGR+ vehicle and IUGR+GH (n=5 all groups). IUGR was induced by repeated embolisation of the placental vascular bed between 110 and 116 days of gestation (term=145 days). GH (3.5 mg/kg/day) or vehicle was infused in a pulsatile manner from 117 to 127 days of gestation. Embolisation reduced fetal growth rate by 25% (P<0.01) and reduced the weight of the fetal liver (20%), kidney (23%) and thymus (31%; all P<0.05). GH treatment further reduced the weight of the fetal kidneys (32%) and small intestine (35%; both P<0.04), but restored the relative weight of the fetal thymus and liver (P<0.05). Embolisation decreased fetal plasma IGF-I concentrations (48%, P<0.001) and increased IGF binding protein 1 (IGFBP-1)

concentrations (737%, P<0.002). GH treatment restored fetal plasma IGF-I concentrations to control levels, while levels in IUGR+vehicle fetuses stayed low (P<0.05 vs control). IGFBP-1 and IGFBP-2 concentrations were about sevenfold lower in amniotic fluid than in fetal plasma, but amniotic and plasma concentrations were closely correlated (r=0.75, P<0.0001 and r=0.55 P<0.0001 respectively). Embolisation transiently decreased fetal blood oxygen content (40%, P<0.002), and increased blood lactate concentrations (213%, P<0.04). Both returned to pre-embolisation levels after embolisation stopped, but blood glucose concentrations declined steadily in IUGR+vehicle fetuses. GH treatment maintained fetal blood glucose concentrations at control levels. Our study shows that GH infusion to the IUGR fetal sheep restores fetal IGF-I levels but does not improve fetal growth, and further reduces the fetal kidney and intestine weights. Thus, fetal GH therapy does not seem a promising treatment stratagem for the IUGR fetus.

L15 ANSWER 8 OF 35 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003126507 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12604625

TITLE: Ovine placental lactogen specifically binds to endometrial

glands of the ovine uterus.

AUTHOR: Noel Sekoni; Herman Asael; Johnson Greg A; Gray C Allison;

Stewart M David; Bazer Fuller W; Gertler Arieh; Spencer

Thomas E

CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Animal Biotechnology and Genomics and Department

of Animal Science, Texas A&M University, College Station,

Texas 77843-2471, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: P30 ES09106 (NIEHS)
SOURCE: Biology of reproduction, (2003 Mar) 68 (3) 772-80.

Journal code: 0207224. ISSN: 0006-3363.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200310

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030319

Last Updated on STN: 20031022 Entered Medline: 20031021

A hormonal servomechanism has been proposed to regulate differentiation AB and function of the endometrial glandular epithelium (GE) in the ovine uterus during pregnancy. This mechanism involves sequential actions of estrogen, progesterone, ovine interferon tau (IFNtau), placental lactogen (oPL), and placental growth hormone (oGH). The biological actions of oPL in vitro are mediated by homodimerization of the prolactin receptor (oPRLR) and heterodimerization of the oPRLR and oGH receptor. The objectives of the study were to determine the effects of intrauterine oPL, oGH, and their combination on endometrial histoarchitecture and gene expression and to localize and characterize binding sites for oPL in the ovine uterus in vivo using an in situ ligand binding assay. Intrauterine infusion of oPL and/or oGH following IFNtau into ovariectomized ewes treated with progesterone daily differentially affected endometrial gland number and expression of uterine milk proteins and osteopontin. However, neither hormone affected PRLR, insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-I, or IGF-II mRNA levels in the endometrium. A chimeric protein of placental secretory alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) and oPL was used to identify and characterize binding sites for oPL in frozen sections of interplacentomal endometrium from pregnant ewes. Specific binding of SEAP-oPL was detected in the endometrial GE on Days 30, 60, 90, and 120 of pregnancy. In Day 90 endometrium, SEAP-oPL binding to the endometrial GE was displaced completely by oPL and prolactin (oPRL) but only partially by oGH. Binding experiments using the extracellular domain of the oPRLR also showed that iodinated oPL binding sites could be

competed for by oPRL and oPL but not by oGH. Collectively, results indicate that oPL binds to receptors in the endometrial glands and that oPRL is more effective than oGH in competing for these binding sites. Thus, effects of oPL on the endometrial glands may be mediated by receptors for oPRL and oGH.

L15 ANSWER 9 OF 35 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003020560 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 12527503 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

Role of phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate on cytokine

expression in JAR trophoblast cell line.

AUTHOR: Zhang Xi-qian; Xing Fu-qi; Li Hong; Chen Si-mei; Pang

Zhan-jun; Huang Min-zhen

Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Nanfang Hospital, CORPORATE SOURCE:

First Military Medical University, Guangzhou 510515,

China.. cherd075@yahoo.com.cn

Di yi jun yi da xue xue bao = Academic journal of the First SOURCE:

Medical College of PLA, (2003 Jan) 23 (1) 6-8.

Journal code: 9426110. ISSN: 1000-2588.

PUB. COUNTRY: China

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200309

Entered STN: 20030116 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 20030923 Entered Medline: 20030922

OBJECTIVE: To investigate whether phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (PMA) AB modifies the invasive ability of trophoblast cells by regulating their cytokine productions. METHODS: Reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction was used to examine the effect of PMA on the expression of cytokines which regulated the invasive ability of trophoblast cells. RESULTS: Prior to PMA treatment, expressions of the cytokins including hepatocyte growth factor (HGF), interleukin (IL)-1beta, insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-II, transforming growth factor (TGF) - beta and vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) were all detected in JAR cells, only with the exception of IGF-I. After incubation with 100 nmol/L PMA for 24 h, the cells showed strong expression of IL-1beta, HGF and IGF-II, with reduced expression of TGF-beta2 and TGF-beta3. CONCLUSION: By regulating the autocrine of these cytokines, PMA exercises its effect to enhance the invasive ability of trophoblast or choriocarcinoma cells.

MEDLINE on STN L15 ANSWER 10 OF 35 2003006592 ACCESSION NUMBER: MEDLINE PubMed ID: 12512599 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Effects of BST on oviductal and uterine genes TITLE:

encoding components of the IGF system in lactating dairy

AUTHOR: Pershing R A; Lucy M C; Thatcher W W; Badinga L Department of Animal Sciences University of Florida, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Gainesville 32611, USA.

Journal of dairy science, (2002 Dec) 85 (12) 3260-7. SOURCE:

Journal code: 2985126R. ISSN: 0022-0302.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States (CLINICAL TRIAL) DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

(RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL)

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH: 200303

Entered STN: 20030107 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 20030308 Entered Medline: 20030307

Lactating Holstein cows, averaging 80 d in milk, were used to examine AB effects of exogenous bovine somatotropin (bST) on oviductal and uterine genes encoding components of the insulin-like growth factor (IGF) system. About 12 h before expected ovulation in an Ovsynch protocol, cows were assigned randomly to receive bST (500 mg; n = 11) or serve as untreated controls (n = 10). Cows that ovulated (n = 9 bST, 8 control) were divided within treatment to be sacrificed on d 3 or 7 postovulation. Samples of oviductal and intercaruncular endometrial tissue from oviducts and uterine horns ipsilateral to the corpus luteum (CL) were collected and immediately frozen at -80 degrees C for subsequent mRNA analyses. Northern blots revealed mRNAs for IGF -II, IGF-binding protein-2 (IGFBP-2), and IGFBP-3 in all oviductal and endometrial tissues. Significant amounts of IGF-I and growth hormone receptor-1A (GHR-1A) mRNAs were detected in uteri but not in oviducts. The bST treatment had no effect on amount of IGF-I mRNA transcript in uterine endometrium. The mRNA encoding IGF-II was induced by bST in oviducts collected on both d 3 and 7 but was down-regulated in endometrium on d 7. Transcript of IGFBP-2 mRNA was greater in endometrial than oviductal tissues and did not differ between treatments. Both oviductal and endometrial IGFBP-3 mRNA concentrations increased between d 3 and 7 postovulation, with a tendency for greater endometrial IGFBP-3 mRNA in bST-treated cows on d 7. On d 7, concentrations of endometrial GHR-1A mRNA were 30% lower in bST-treated cows. Results indicate complex and tissue-specific regulation of the uterine IGF system components by exogenous bST. Some of those biological responses to bST may be important in early development of bovine embryos.

=> dis his

TUMOR (W) GROWTH (W) FACTOR (W) BETA)

3 FILES SEARCHED...

L17

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:20 ON 26 OCT 2005)

```
FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 15:08:27 ON
     26 OCT 2005
          24302 S (IGF-2 OR IGF-II OR INSULIN(W)LIKE(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)II)
L1
L2
         113372 S L1 OR (TGF-BETA OR TUMOR(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)BETA)
L3
          34899 S L2 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
          24773 S L1 OR (TGF-BETA(S)ANALOG? OR TUMOR(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)BETA(S
L4
           5894 S L4 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
L5
            628 S L5 AND (EMBRYO OR PREGNAN?)
L6
            327 DUP REM L6 (301 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L7
L8
             11 S L6 AND CYTOTROPHOBLAST
          32022 S L1 OR (TGF-BETA(S)ANTIBOD? OR TUMOR(W)GROWTH(W)FACTOR(W)BETA(
L9
           4008 S L9 AND (EMBRYO OR PREGNAN?)
L10
            774 S L10 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
L11
            24 S L11 AND INFERTIL?
L12
L13
           1833 S L10 AND DIFFEREN?
           397 DUP REM L11 (377 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L14
L15
             35 S L14 AND UTERI?
=> s (therapeutic(w)use or therap? or treat?) and (IGF-2 or IGF-II or
insulin(w) like(w) growth(w) factor(w) II)
   3 FILES SEARCHED...
          5699 (THERAPEUTIC(W) USE OR THERAP? OR TREAT?) AND (IGF-2 OR IGF-II
L16
               OR INSULIN(W) LIKE(W) GROWTH(W) FACTOR(W) II)
=> s l16 or (therapeutic(w)use or therap? or treat?) and (TGF-BETA(S)ANTIBOD? OR
```

8898 L16 OR (THERAPEUTIC(W) USE OR THERAP? OR TREAT?) AND (TGF-BETA(S

) ANTIBOD? OR TUMOR(W) GROWTH(W) FACTOR(W) BETA)

=> s 117 and (embryo? or pregnan?)

L18 995 L17 AND (EMBRYO? OR PREGNAN?)

=> s l18 and (therap? or treat?)

995 L18 AND (THERAP? OR TREAT?)

=> s l19 and in(w)vitro

70 L19 AND IN(W) VITRO L20

=> dup rem

ENTER L# LIST OR (END):120 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L20

66 DUP REM L20 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L21

=> dis ti ibib 121 1-10

L21 ANSWER 1 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-1 (IGFBP-1) mediates

hypoxia-induced embryonic growth and developmental retardation.

2005055651 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-1 (IGFBP-1) TITLE:

mediates hypoxia-induced embryonic growth and

developmental retardation.

Kajimura S.; Aida K.; Duan C. **AUTHOR:**

C. Duan, Dept. Molec., Cell., /Devmtl. Biol., University of CORPORATE SOURCE:

Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI 48109, United States.

cduan@umich.edu

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the SOURCE:

United States of America, (25 Jan 2005) Vol. 102, No. 4,

pp. 1240-1245.

Refs: 47

ISSN: 0027-8424 CODEN: PNASA6

COUNTRY:

United States

Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE:

Developmental Biology and Teratology 021 FILE SEGMENT:

English LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20050218

Last Updated on STN: 20050218

L21 ANSWER 2 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Monitoring the activation state of the insulin-like growth factor-1 TΙ receptor and its interaction with protein tyrosine phosphatase 1B using

bioluminescence resonance energy transfer.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005387940 EMBASE

Monitoring the activation state of the insulin-like growth TITLE:

factor-1 receptor and its interaction with protein tyrosine

phosphatase 1B using bioluminescence resonance energy

transfer.

Blanquart C.; Boute N.; Lacasa D.; Issad T. AUTHOR:

Dr. T. Issad, Department of Cell Biology, Institut Cochin, CORPORATE SOURCE:

22 Rue Mechain, 75014 Paris, France. issad@cochin.inserm.fr Molecular Pharmacology, (2005) Vol. 68, No. 3, pp. 885-894.

SOURCE: Refs: 41

ISSN: 0026-895X CODEN: MOPMA3

URL: http://molpharm.aspetjournals.org/cgi/reprint/68/3/885

COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE: Pharmacology FILE SEGMENT: 030

037 Drug Literature Index

English LANGUAGE: SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20050929

Last Updated on STN: 20050929

L21 ANSWER 3 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI HCG increases trophoblast migration in vitro via the

insulin-like growth factor-II/mannose-6 phosphate receptor.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005215420 EMBASE

TITLE:

HCG increases trophoblast migration in

vitro via the insulin-like
growth factor-II/mannose-6

phosphate receptor.

AUTHOR: Zygmunt M.; McKinnon T.; Herr F.; Lala P.K.; Han V.K.M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: M. Zygmunt, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology,

University Giessen, Klinikstr. 32, D-35385 Giessen, Canada.

marek.t.zygmunt@gyn.med.uni-giessen.de

SOURCE: Molecular Human Reproduction, (2005) Vol. 11, No. 4, pp.

261-267. Refs: 47

ISSN: 1360-9947 CODEN: MHREFD

COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: United Kingdom Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocri

003 Endocrinology

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology 029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20050602

Last Updated on STN: 20050602

L21 ANSWER 4 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI Effects of recombinant human follicle-stimulating hormone on

embryo development in mice.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

2005183688 EMBASE

TITLE:

Effects of recombinant human follicle-stimulating hormone

on embryo development in mice.

AUTHOR:

Edwards L.J.; Kind K.L.; Armstrong D.T.; Thompson J.G. J.G. Thompson, Dept. of Obstetrics, Univ. of Adelaide,

Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Woodville, SA 5011, Australia.

jeremy.thompson@adelaide.edu.au

SOURCE:

American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, (2005) Vol. 288, No. 5 51-5, pp. E845-E851.

Refs: 35

ISSN: 0193-1849 CODEN: AJPMD

COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

United States
Journal; Article
002 Physiology

003 Endocrinology

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20050512

Last Updated on STN: 20050512

L21 ANSWER 5 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI TGF-β and HGF transmit the signals through JNK-dependent Smad2/3

phosphorylation at the linker regions.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004445833 EMBASE

TITLE:

TGF- β and HGF transmit the signals through

JNK-dependent Smad2/3 phosphorylation at the linker

regions.

Mori S.; Matsuzaki K.; Yoshida K.; Furukawa F.; Tahashi Y.; AUTHOR:

Yamagata H.; Sekimoto G.; Seki T.; Matsui H.; Nishizawa M.;

Fujisawa J.-I.; Okazaki K.

K. Matsuzaki, Third Dept. of Internal Medicine, Kansai CORPORATE SOURCE:

Medical University, 10-15 Fumizonocho, Moriguchi, Osaka

570-8507, Japan. matsuzak@takii.kmu.ac.jp

Oncogene, (23 Sep 2004) Vol. 23, No. 44, pp. 7416-7429. SOURCE:

Refs: 37

ISSN: 0950-9232 CODEN: ONCNES

COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: United Kingdom Journal; Article 016 Cancer

FILE SEGMENT: LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20041104

Last Updated on STN: 20041104

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reserved on STN

TI Temporal divergence in the pattern of messenger RNA expression in bovine

embryos cultured from the zygote to blastocyst stage in

vitro or in vivo.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003389408 EMBASE

TITLE:

Temporal divergence in the pattern of messenger RNA

expression in bovine embryos cultured from the

zygote to blastocyst stage in vitro or

in vivo.

AUTHOR:

Lonergan P.; Rizos D.; Gutierrez-Adan A.; Moreira P.M.;

Pintado B.; De la Fuente J.; Boland M.P.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

P. Lonergan, Dept. of Anim. Sci. and Production, University

College Dublin, Lyons Research Farm, Newcastle, County

Dublin 4, Ireland. pat.lonergan@ucd.ie

SOURCE:

Biology of Reproduction, (1 Oct 2003) Vol. 69, No. 4, pp.

1424-1431.

Refs: 60

ISSN: 0006-3363 CODEN: BIREBV

COUNTRY:

United States DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

Obstetrics and Gynecology 010

Developmental Biology and Teratology 021

Human Genetics 022

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20031009

Last Updated on STN: 20031009

L21 ANSWER 7 OF 66 MEDLINE on STN

Isocaloric maternal low-protein diet alters IGF-I, IGFBPs, and hepatocyte proliferation in the fetal rat.

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2003472000 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 12902319

TITLE:

Isocaloric maternal low-protein diet alters IGF-I, IGFBPs,

and hepatocyte proliferation in the fetal rat.

AUTHOR:

El-Khattabi Ilham; Gregoire Francine; Remacle Claude;

Reusens Brigitte

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratoire de Biologie Cellulaire, Universite Catholique

de Louvain, B-1348 Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium.

SOURCE:

American journal of physiology. Endocrinology and

metabolism, (2003 Nov) 285 (5) E991-E1000. Electronic

Publication: 2003-08-05.

Journal code: 100901226. ISSN: 0193-1849.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Priority Journals

FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH:

200311

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20031010

Last Updated on STN: 20031219 Entered Medline: 20031120

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Ovine placental lactogen specifically binds to endometrial glands of the

ovine uterus.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003089353 EMBASE

TITLE:

Ovine placental lactogen specifically binds to endometrial

glands of the ovine uterus.

AUTHOR:

Noel S.; Herman A.; Johnson G.A.; Gray C.A.; Stewart M.D.;

Bazer F.W.; Gertler A.; Spencer T.E.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

T.E. Spencer, Ctr. for Anim. Biotech. and Genomics, 442 Kleberg Center, Texas A and M University, College Station,

TX 77843-2471, United States. tspencer@tamu.edu

SOURCE:

Biology of Reproduction, (1 Mar 2003) Vol. 68, No. 3, pp.

772-780.

Refs: 56

ISSN: 0006-3363 CODEN: BIREBV

COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: United States Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

Endocrinology 003

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

Clinical Biochemistry 029

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20030313

Last Updated on STN: 20030313

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Local insulin-like growth factor-

II mediates prolactin-induced mammary gland development.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003114659 EMBASE

TITLE:

Local insulin-like growth

factor-II mediates prolactin-induced

mammary gland development.

AUTHOR:

Hovey R.C.; Harris J.; Hadsell D.L.; Lee A.V.; Ormandy

C.J.; Vonderhaar B.K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

R.C. Hovey, Lactation/Mammary Gland Biol. Group, Department

of Animal Science, University of Vermont, Burlington, VT

05405, United States. rhovey@zoo.uvm.edu

SOURCE:

Molecular Endocrinology, (1 Mar 2003) Vol. 17, No. 3, pp.

460-471.

Refs: 49

ISSN: 0888-8809 CODEN: MOENEN

COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

Endocrinology 003 Developmental Biology and Teratology

021 Clinical Biochemistry 029

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20030403

Last Updated on STN: 20030403

L21 ANSWER 10 OF 66 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

Actions of GnRH antagonists on IGF-II, IGF-binding

protein-2 and pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A in human

granulosa-lutein cells.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003296301 PubMed ID: 12824863 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Actions of GnRH antagonists on IGF-II, TITLE:

> IGF-binding protein-2 and pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A in human granulosa-lutein cells.

Weiss J M; Krautmacher B; Polack S; Diedrich K; Ortmann O AUTHOR: Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Medical University CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lubeck, 23538 Lubeck, Germany.. jmweissl@hotmail.com

European journal of endocrinology / European Federation of SOURCE:

Endocrine Societies, (2003 Jul) 149 (1) 31-7.

Journal code: 9423848. ISSN: 0804-4643.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH: 200308

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030626

> Last Updated on STN: 20030815 Entered Medline: 20030814

=> FIL STNGUIDE

SINCE FILE COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

> ENTRY . SESSION 197.61 198.03

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 15:38:13 ON 26 OCT 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, JAPAN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Oct 21, 2005 (20051021/UP).

=> dis ti ibib 121 11-20

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE' - CONTINUE? (Y) /N:y

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Isocaloric maternal low-protein diet alters IGF-I, IGFBPs, and hepatocyte proliferation in the fetal rat.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003425981 EMBASE

Isocaloric maternal low-protein diet alters IGF-I, IGFBPs, TITLE:

and hepatocyte proliferation in the fetal rat.

El Khattabi I.; Gregoire F.; Remacle C.; Reusens B. AUTHOR:

B. Reusens, Univ. Catholique de Louvain, Lab. de Biologie CORPORATE SOURCE:

Cellulaire (BANI), 5 Place Croix-du-Sud, B-1348 Louvain-La-Neuve, Belgium. reusens@bani.ucl.ac.be

American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and SOURCE:

Metabolism, (2003) Vol. 285, No. 5 48-5, pp. E991-E1000.

Refs: 57

ISSN: 0193-1849 CODEN: AJPMD

United States COUNTRY: Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: 003

Endocrinology

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology 029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 20031106 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 20031106

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reserved on STN

TI Human chorionic gonadotropin-induced ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome is associated with up-regulation of vascular endothelial growth factor.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002271130 EMBASE

TITLE: Human chorionic gonadotropin-induced ovarian

hyperstimulation syndrome is associated with up-regulation

of vascular endothelial growth factor.

AUTHOR: Wang T.-H.; Horng S.-G.; Chang C.-L.; Wu H.-M.; Tsai Y.-J.;

Wang H.-S.; Soong Y.-K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dr. H.-S. Wang, Department of Obstetrics, Chang-Gung

Memorial Hospital, Lin-Kou Medical Center, 5 Fu-Hsing Street, Kwei-Shan, Tao-Yuan 333, Taiwan, Province of China.

hswang86@ms17.hinet.net

SOURCE: Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, (2002)

Vol. 87, No. 7, pp. 3300-3308.

Refs: 36

ISSN: 0021-972X CODEN: JCEMAZ

COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

005 General Pathology and Pathological Anatomy

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020829

Last Updated on STN: 20020829

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Insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-II inhibition of

endometrial stromal cell tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase-3 and

IGF-binding protein-1 suggests paracrine interactions at the

decidua: trophoblast interface during human implantation.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001189111 EMBASE

TITLE: Insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-II

inhibition of endometrial stromal cell tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase-3 and IGF-binding protein-1 suggests

paracrine interactions at the decidua: trophoblast interface

during human implantation.

AUTHOR: Irwin J.C.; Suen L.-F.; Faessen G.H.; Popovici R.M.;

Giudice L.C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dr. L.C. Giudice, Department of Gynecology, East Pavilion

HH 333, Stanford Medical Center, Stanford, CA 94305-5317,

United States. iudice@stanford.edu

SOURCE: Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, (2001)

Vol. 86, No. 5, pp. 2060-2064.

Refs: 18

ISSN: 0021-972X CODEN: JCEMAZ

COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010614

Last Updated on STN: 20010614

L21 ANSWER 14 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

Pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A accounts for the insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-binding protein-4 (IGFBP-4) proteolytic activity in human pregnancy serum and enhances the mitogenic activity of IGF by degrading IGFBP-4 in vitro.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2

2001098526 EMBASE

TITLE:

Pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A accounts

for the insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-binding protein-4

(IGFBP-4) proteolytic activity in human pregnancy serum and enhances the mitogenic activity of IGF by

degrading IGFBP-4 in vitro.

AUTHOR: CORPORATE SOURCE: Byun D.; Mohan S.; Yoo M.; Sexton C.; Baylink D.J.; Qin X. Dr. X. Qin, Musculoskeletal Disease Center, J.L. Pettis Vet. Affairs Med. Ctr., 11201 Benton Street, Loma Linda, CA

92357, United States. xuezhong.qin@med.va.gov

SOURCE:

Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, (2001)

Vol. 86, No. 2, pp. 847-854.

Refs: 38

ISSN: 0021-972X CODEN: JCEMAZ

COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: United States
Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

003 Endocrinology

LANGUAGE:

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010419

Last Updated on STN: 20010419

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reserved on STN

TI Metformin treatment of patients with polycystic ovary syndrome

undergoing in vitro fertilization improves outcomes

and is associated with modulation of the insulin-like growth factors.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001080522 EMBASE

TITLE:

Metformin treatment of patients with polycystic

ovary syndrome undergoing in vitro

fertilization improves outcomes and is associated with

modulation of the insulin-like growth factors.

AUTHOR:

Stadtmauer L.A.; Toma S.K.; Riehl R.M.; Talbert L.M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dr. L.A. Stadtmauer, North Carolina Center, Reproductive

Medicine, 400 Ashville Avenue, Cary, NC 27511, United

States. drls78@aol.com

SOURCE: Fertility and Sterility, (2001) Vol. 75, No. 3, pp.

505-509. Refs: 21

ISSN: 0015-0282 CODEN: FESTAS

PUBLISHER IDENT.:

S 0015-0282(00)01766-0

COUNTRY:

United States
Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

030 Pharmacology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010316

Last Updated on STN: 20010316

L21 ANSWER 16 OF 66 MEDLINE on STN

TI Markers of type I and type III collagen turnover, insulin-like growth factors, and their binding proteins in cord plasma of small premature infants: relationships with fetal growth, gestational age, preeclampsia, and antenatal glucocorticoid treatment.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001166471 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 11264430

TITLE:

Markers of type I and type III collagen turnover,

insulin-like growth factors, and their binding proteins in cord plasma of small premature infants: relationships with fetal growth, gestational age, preeclampsia, and antenatal

glucocorticoid treatment.

Kajantie E; Hytinantti T; Koistinen R; Risteli J; Rutanen E **AUTHOR:**

M; Seppala M; Andersson S

CORPORATE SOURCE: The Hospital for Children and Adolescents, Helsinki

University Central Hospital, PL 280, FI-00029 HYKS,

Helsinki, Finland.. eero.kajantie@hus.fi Pediatric research, (2001 Apr) 49 (4) 481-9. SOURCE:

Journal code: 0100714. ISSN: 0031-3998.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200106

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010618

Last Updated on STN: 20010618

Entered Medline: 20010614

L21 ANSWER 17 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Effects of fibroblast growth factor 2 and insulin-like TI

growth factor II on the development of parthenogenetic mouse embryos in vitro.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001331392 EMBASE

TITLE:

Effects of fibroblast growth factor 2 and insulin

-like growth factor

II on the development of parthenogenetic mouse

embryos in vitro.

AUTHOR:

Penkov L.I.; Platonov E.S.; New D.A.T.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

E.S. Platonov, N.I. Vavilov Inst. of Gen. Genetics, 3

Gubkin Street, 117809 GSP-1 Moscow B-333, Russian

Federation. platonov@vigg.ru

SOURCE:

In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology - Animal,

(2001) Vol. 37, No. 7, pp. 440-444.

Refs: 60

ISSN: 1071-2690 CODEN: ICDBEO

COUNTRY:

United States Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20011004

Last Updated on STN: 20011004

L21 ANSWER 18 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TGFB2 activation status during cardiac morphogenesis. TI

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001300956 EMBASE

TITLE:

TGFβ2 activation status during cardiac morphogenesis.

AUTHOR:

McCormick K.M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dr. K.M. McCormick, Department of Physical Therapy,

Exercise and Nutrition Sciences, SUNY, 3435 Main Street, Buffalo, NY 14214, United States. kmccorm@buffalo.edu

SOURCE:

Developmental Dynamics, (2001) Vol. 222, No. 1, pp. 17-25.

Refs: 34

ISSN: 1058-8388 CODEN: DEDYEI

COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

Developmental Biology and Teratology 021

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010913

Last Updated on STN: 20010913

L21 ANSWER 19 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Increased IGF-II protein affects p57(kip2) expression TТ

in vivo and in vitro: Implications for

Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000180790 EMBASE

TITLE:

Increased IGF-II protein affects

p57(kip2) expression in vivo and in vitro

: Implications for Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome.

AUTHOR: CORPORATE SOURCE: Grandjean V.; Smith J.; Schofield P.N.; Ferguson-Smith A.C. A.C. Ferguson-Smith, University of Cambridge, Department of Anatomy, Downing Street, CB2 3DY Cambridge, United Kingdom.

afsmith@mole.bio.cam.ac.uk

SOURCE:

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, (9 May 2000) Vol. 97, No. 10, pp.

5279-5284. Refs: 48

ISSN: 0027-8424 CODEN: PNASA6

COUNTRY:

United States Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

022 Human Genetics

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20000608

Last Updated on STN: 20000608

L21 ANSWER 20 OF 66

MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 2

The latent transforming growth factor-beta-binding protein-1 promotes in vitro differentiation of embryonic stem cells into endothelium.

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

MEDLINE 2001105263 PubMed ID: 11102524

TITLE:

The latent transforming growth factor-beta-binding

protein-1 promotes in vitro differentiation of

embryonic stem cells into endothelium.

AUTHOR:

Gualandris A; Annes J P; Arese M; Noguera I; Jurukovski V;

Rifkin D B

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Cell Biology, New York University School of

Medicine, New York, New York 10016-6497, USA.

SOURCE:

Molecular biology of the cell, (2000 Dec) 11 (12) 4295-308.

Journal code: 9201390. ISSN: 1059-1524.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200102

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010322

Last Updated on STN: 20010322 Entered Medline: 20010208

=> dis ti ibib 121 21-30

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L21 ANSWER 21 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN Transforming growth factor but not and is critical for early rat lung branching.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000124041 EMBASE

TITLE:

Transforming growth factor but not and is critical for

early rat lung branching.

AUTHOR:

Liu J.; Tseu I.; Wang J.; Tanswell K.; Post M.

Dr. M. Post, Lung Biology Program, Hospital for Sick CORPORATE SOURCE:

Children, 555 University Avenue, Toronto, Ont. MSG 1X8,

Canada. mppm@sickkids.on.ca

Developmental Dynamics, (2000) Vol. 217, No. 4, pp. SOURCE:

> 343-360. Refs: 76

ISSN: 1058-8388 CODEN: DEDYEI

COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: United States Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20000421

Last Updated on STN: 20000421

L21 ANSWER 22 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI IGFs, insulin, Shh, bFGF, and TGF- β 1 interact synergistically to

promote somite myogenesis in vitro. ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

2000305665 EMBASE

IGFs, insulin, Shh, bFGF, and TGF-β1 interact synergistically to promote somite myogenesis in

vitro.

AUTHOR:

Pirskanen A.; Kiefer J.C.; Hauschka S.D.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

S.D. Hauschka, Department of Biochemistry, University of Washington, Box 357350, Seattle, WA 98195, United States.

haus@u.washington.edu

SOURCE:

Developmental Biology, (15 Aug 2000) Vol. 224, No. 2, pp.

189-203.

Refs: 76

ISSN: 0012-1606 CODEN: DEBIAO

COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

United States Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

Developmental Biology and Teratology 021

029 Clinical Biochemistry English

LANGUAGE:

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20000914

Last Updated on STN: 20000914

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reserved on STN

Insulin-like growth factors and insulin-like growth factor binding proteins in the endometrium. Effect of intrauterine levonorgestrel

delivery.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000337408 EMBASE

TITLE:

Insulin-like growth factors and insulin-like growth factor binding proteins in the endometrium. Effect of intrauterine

levonorgestrel delivery.

AUTHOR:

Rutanen E.-M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: E.-M. Rutanen, Dept. of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Helsinki

University, Central Hospital, 00029 HUCH, Finland.

eeva-marja.rutanen@huch.fi

SOURCE:

Human Reproduction, (2000) Vol. 15, No. SUPPL. 3, pp.

173-181. Refs: 50

ISSN: 0268-1161 CODEN: HUREEE

COUNTRY:

United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Conference Article

FILE SEGMENT:

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

003 Endocrinology 030 Pharmacology

037 Drug Literature Index 029 Clinical Biochemistry

027 Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation

LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20001013

Last Updated on STN: 20001013

L21 ANSWER 24 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI Complex mediation of uterine endometrial epithelial cell growth by

insulin-like growth factor-

II (IGF-II) and IGF-binding protein-2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000038637 EMBASE

TITLE: Complex mediation of uterine endometrial epithelial cell

growth by insulin-like growth

factor-II (IGF-II)

and IGF-binding protein-2.

AUTHOR: Badinga L.; Song S.; Simmen R.C.M.; Clarke J.B.; Clemmons

D.R.; Simmen F.A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: F.A. Simmen, Dept. of Dairy and Poultry Sciences,

University of Florida, PO Box 110920, Gainesville, FL

32611-0920, United States. simmen@dps.ufl.edu

SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Endocrinology, (1999) Vol. 23, No. 3,

pp. 277-285. Refs: 38

ISSN: 0952-5041 CODEN: JMLEEI

COUNTRY: United Kingdom DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000203

Last Updated on STN: 20000203

L21 ANSWER 25 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI Transforming growth factor-β stimulates mouse blastocyst outgrowth through a mechanism involving parathyroid hormone-related protein.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999017374 EMBASE

TITLE: Transforming growth factor-β stimulates mouse

blastocyst outgrowth through a mechanism involving

parathyroid hormone-related protein.

AUTHOR: Nowak R.A.; Haimovici F.; Biggers J.D.; Erbach G.T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: R.A. Nowak, Brigham and Women's Hospital, 221 Longwood

Ave.', Boston, MA 02115, United States

SOURCE: Biology of Reproduction, (1999) Vol. 60, No. 1, pp. 85-93.

Refs: 50

ISSN: 0006-3363 CODEN: BIREBV

COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19990204

Last Updated on STN: 19990204

L21 ANSWER 26 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN
Inhibition of ethanol neurotoxicity by treatment with growth

factors and estrogen.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999420279 EMBASE

TITLE: Inhibition of ethanol neurotoxicity by treatment

with growth factors and estrogen.

Zell J.A.; Montague J.R.; Lopez T.F.; Mudd L.M. AUTHOR:

L.M. Mudd, Sch. of Natural and Health Sciences, Barry CORPORATE SOURCE:

University, 11300 N.E. 2nd Avenue, Miami Shores, FL 33161,

United States. lmudd@mail.barry, edu

McGill Journal of Medicine, (1999) Vol. 5, No. 1, pp. SOURCE:

> 13-24. Refs: 91

ISSN: 1201-026X CODEN: MJMEF2

COUNTRY:

Canada

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

008 Neurology and Neurosurgery

052 Toxicology

LANGUAGE: SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19991216

Last Updated on STN: 19991216

L21 ANSWER 27 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Cytokine-mediated regulation of 92-kilodalton type IV collagenase, tissue TΙ

inhibitor of metalloproteinase-1 (TIMP-1), and TIMP-3 messenger ribonucleic acid expression in human endometrial stromal cells.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998371176 EMBASE

TITLE:

Cytokine-mediated regulation of 92-kilodalton type IV collagenase, tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase-1

(TIMP-1), and TIMP-3 messenger ribonucleic acid expression

in human endometrial stromal cells.

AUTHOR:

Huang H.-Y.; Wen Y.; Irwin J.C.; Kruessel J.S.; Soong

Y.-K.; Polan M.L.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dr. H.-Y. Huang, Department of Gynecology/Obstetrics, Stanford University Medical Center, School of Medicine,

Stanford, CA 94305, United States

SOURCE:

Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, (1998)

Vol. 83, No. 5, pp. 1721-1729.

Refs: 71

ISSN: 0021-972X CODEN: JCEMAZ

COUNTRY:

United States Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

Endocrinology 003

Obstetrics and Gynecology 010 Clinical Biochemistry 029

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19981210

Last Updated on STN: 19981210

L21 ANSWER 28 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

Follicular fluid insulin-like growth factor-I and insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-1 and -3 vary as a function of ovarian reserve and ovarian stimulation.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998422531 EMBASE

Follicular fluid insulin-like growth factor-I and TITLE:

insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-1 and -3 vary as

a function of ovarian reserve and ovarian stimulation. Stadtmauer L.; Vidali A.; Lindheim S.R.; Sauer M.V.

AUTHOR: L. Stadtmauer, North Carolina Ctr. for Reprod. Med., CORPORATE SOURCE:

400-200 Ashville Avenue, Cary, NC 27511, United States

Journal of Assisted Reproduction and Genetics, (1998) Vol. SOURCE:

15, No. 10, pp. 587-593.

Refs: 31

ISSN: 1058-0468 CODEN: JARGE4

COUNTRY:

United States

Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: General Pathology and Pathological Anatomy 005

Obstetrics and Gynecology 010 Clinical Biochemistry 029 037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 19990128 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 19990128

L21 ANSWER 29 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Mechanisms of insulin-like growth factor regulation of programmed cell TT

death of developing avian motoneurons.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998291274 EMBASE

Mechanisms of insulin-like growth factor regulation of TITLE: programmed cell death of developing avian motoneurons.

D'Costa A.P.; Prevette D.M.; Houenou H.J.; Wang S.; **AUTHOR:** Zackenfels K.; Rohrer H.; Zapf J.; Caroni P.; Oppenheim

R.W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dr. R.W. Oppenheim, Department of Neurobiology/Anatomy,

Bowman Gray School of Medicine, Medical Center Blvd.,

Winston-Salem, NC 27157-1010, United States

Journal of Neurobiology, (5 Sep 1998) Vol. 36, No. 3, pp. SOURCE:

> 379-394. Refs: 89

ISSN: 0022-3034 CODEN: JNEUBZ

United States COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

General Pathology and Pathological Anatomy FILE SEGMENT: 005

> Neurology and Neurosurgery 800

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 19981001 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 19981001

L21 ANSWER 30 OF 66 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3

Regulatory effects of trophic factors on expression and distribution of

CGRP and GAP-43 in rat motoneurons.

1998112683 MEDLINE ACCESSION NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9452304 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Regulatory effects of trophic factors on expression and TITLE:

distribution of CGRP and GAP-43 in rat motoneurons.

Piehl F; Hammarberg H; Hokfelt T; Cullheim S AUTHOR:

Department of Neuroscience, Karolinska Institute, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Stockholm, Sweden.. frederik.piehl@neuro.ki.se

Journal of neuroscience research, (1998 Jan 1) 51 (1) 1-14. SOURCE:

Journal code: 7600111. ISSN: 0360-4012.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH: 199803

Entered STN: 19980319 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19980310

=> dis ti ibib 121 31-40

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE' - CONTINUE? (Y) /N:y

L21 ANSWER 31 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

Decidua-associated suppressor cells in abortion-prone DBA/2-mated CBA/J mice that release bioactive transforming growth factor β 2-related immunosuppressive molecules express a bone marrow-derived natural suppressor cell marker and $\gamma\delta$ T-cell receptor.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97

97129879 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1997129879

TITLE:

Decidua-associated suppressor cells in abortion-prone DBA/2-mated CBA/J mice that release bioactive transforming

growth factor $\beta 2$ -related immunosuppressive molecules express a bone marrow-derived natural suppressor cell

marker and $\gamma\delta$ T-cell receptor.

AUTHOR:

Clark D.A.; Merali F.S.; Hoskin D.W.; Steel-Norwood D.;

Arck P.C.; Croitoru K.; Murgita R.A.; Hirte H.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

D.A. Clark, Department of Medicine, McMaster University,

1200 Main St. West, Hamilton, Ont. L8N 3Z5, Canada.

clarkd@fhs.csu.mcmaster.ca

SOURCE:

Biology of Reproduction, (1997) Vol. 56, No. 5, pp.

1351-1360. Refs: 51

ISSN: 0006-3363 CODEN: BIREBV

COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

026

Immunology, Serology and Transplantation

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 970527

Last Updated on STN: 970527

L21 ANSWER 32 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

TI Do changes in growth hormone levels correlate with IGF-I levels in patients undergoing IVF-ET?.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

97248077 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1997248077

TITLE:

Do changes in growth hormone levels correlate with IGF-I

levels in patients undergoing IVF-ET?.

AUTHOR:

Yohay D.; Lunenfeld E.; Giat Y.; Levy J.; Sharoni Y.;

Potashnik G.; Glezerman M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dr. D. Yohay, Department of Obstetrics Gynecology, Soroka University Medical Center, POB 151, Beer Sheva, 84 101,

Israel

SOURCE:

Gynecological Endocrinology, (1997) Vol. 11, No. 4, pp.

269-274. Refs: 17

ISSN: 0951-3590 CODEN: GYENER

COUNTRY:

United Kingdom
Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

003 Endocrinology

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology 029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE:

English

037

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 970904

Last Updated on STN: 970904

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Drug Literature Index

TI Do changes in growth hormone levels correlate with IGF-I levels in patients undergoing IVF-ET?.

97272092 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1997272092

Do changes in growth hormone levels correlate with IGF-I TITLE:

levels in patients undergoing IVF-ET?.

AUTHOR: Yohay D.; Lunenfeld E.; Giat Y.; Levy J.; Sharoni Y.;

Potashnik G.; Glezerman M.

Dr. D. Yohay, Department of Obstetrics Gynecology, Soroka CORPORATE SOURCE:

University Medical Center, POB 151, Beer Sheva 84 101,

SOURCE: Gynaecological Endoscopy, (1997) Vol. 6, No. 4, pp.

> 269-274. Refs: 17

ISSN: 0962-1091 CODEN: GYNEEB

United Kingdom COUNTRY: Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

> Obstetrics and Gynecology 010

Drug Literature Index 037

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 970925

Last Updated on STN: 970925

L21 ANSWER 34 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Evidence for the requirement of autocrine growth factors for development TI

of mouse preimplantation embryos in vitro.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97017843 EMBASE

1997017843 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Evidence for the requirement of autocrine growth factors TITLE:

for development of mouse preimplantation embryos

in vitro.

O'Neill C. **AUTHOR:**

C. O'Neill, Human Reproduction Unit, Royal North Shore CORPORATE SOURCE:

Hospital of Sydney, St. Leonards, NSW 2065, Australia.

chriso@med.su.oz.au

Biology of Reproduction, (1997) Vol. 56, No. 1, pp. SOURCE:

> 229-237. Refs: 41

United States

ISSN: 0006-3363 CODEN: BIREBV

COUNTRY:

Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

003 Endocrinology

Developmental Biology and Teratology 021

LANGUAGE:

English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 970214

Last Updated on STN: 970214

L21 ANSWER 35 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

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Fetuin/ α 2-HS glycoprotein is a transforming growth factor- β

type II receptor mimic and cytokine antagonist.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

96179592 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1996179592

TITLE:

Fetuin/ α 2-HS glycoprotein is a transforming growth

factor- β type II receptor mimic and cytokine

antagonist.

Demetriou M.; Binkert C.; Sukhu B.; Tenenbaum H.C.; Dennis AUTHOR:

J.W.

Samuel Lunenfeld Research Institute, Mr. Sinai Hospital, CORPORATE SOURCE:

600 University Avenue, Toronto, Ont. M5G 1X5, Canada

Journal of Biological Chemistry, (1996) Vol. 271, No. 22, SOURCE:

pp. 12755-12761.

ISSN: 0021-9258 CODEN: JBCHA3

COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: United States Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

Clinical Biochemistry 029

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 960708

Last Updated on STN: 960708

L21 ANSWER 36 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

The expression and characterization of human recombinant proinsulin-like TI growth factor II and a mutant that is defective in the O-glycosylation of

its E domain.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

96196647 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1996196647

TITLE:

The expression and characterization of human recombinant proinsulin-like growth factor II and a mutant that is defective in the O-glycosylation of its E domain.

AUTHOR:

Yang C.Q.; Zhan X.; Hu X.; Kondepudi A.; Perdue J.F. Holland Laboratory, Department of Molecular Biology,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

American Red Cross, 15601 Crabbs Branch Way, Rockville, MD

20855, United States

SOURCE:

Endocrinology, (1996) Vol. 137, No. 7, pp. 2766-2773.

ISSN: 0013-7227 CODEN: ENDOAO

COUNTRY:

United States Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

003 Endocrinology

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 960802

Last Updated on STN: 960802

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reserved on STN

Distinct modulatory actions of TGF- β and LIF on neurotrophin-mediated

survival of developing sensory neurons.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

96263133 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1996263133

TITLE:

Distinct modulatory actions of $TGF-\beta$ and LIF on

neurotrophin-mediated survival of developing sensory

neurons.

AUTHOR:

Krieglstein K.; Unsicker K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dept. of Anatomy and Cell Biology, University of

SOURCE:

Heidelberg, D-69120 Heidelberg, Germany Neurochemical Research, (1996) Vol. 21, No. 7, pp. 843-850.

ISSN: 0364-3190 CODEN: NEREDZ

COUNTRY:

United States Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: 002 Physiology

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

Clinical Biochemistry 029

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 960919

Last Updated on STN: 960919

L21 ANSWER 38 OF 66 MEDLINE on STN

The role of the insulin-like growth factors in the central nervous system.

MEDLINE ACCESSION NUMBER: 97143761 PubMed ID: 8989772 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

The role of the insulin-like growth factors in the central TITLE:

nervous system.

D'Ercole A J; Ye P; Calikoglu A S; Gutierrez-Ospina G AUTHOR:

Department of Pediatrics CB# 7220, University of North CORPORATE SOURCE:

Carolina, Chapel Hill 27599-7220, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: HD08299 (NICHD)

T32 DK07129 (NIDDK)

Molecular neurobiology, (1996 Dec) 13 (3) 227-55. Ref: 190 SOURCE:

Journal code: 8900963. ISSN: 0893-7648.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

General Review; (REVIEW)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199704

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19970414

> Last Updated on STN: 19970414 Entered Medline: 19970402

L21 ANSWER 39 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

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Evidence for an important role of IGF-I and IGF-II for

the early development of chick sympathetic neurons.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95137303 EMBASE

1995137303 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Evidence for an important role of IGF-I and IGF-TITLE:

II for the early development of chick sympathetic

neurons.

Zackenfels K.; Oppenheim R.W.; Rohrer H. AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: Max-Planck-Inst. fur Hirnforschung, Abt. Neurochemie,

Deutschordenstrasse 46,60528 Frankfurt/M., Germany

Neuron, (1995) Vol. 14, No. 4, pp. 731-741. SOURCE:

ISSN: 0896-6273 CODEN: NERNET

United States COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

Neurology and Neurosurgery FILE SEGMENT: 800

> 021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

029 Clinical Biochemistry

030 Pharmacology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 950523

Last Updated on STN: 950523

L21 ANSWER 40 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Mesenchymal cell chondrogenesis is stimulated by basement membrane matrix

and inhibited by age-associated factors.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95223409 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1995223409

TITLE: Mesenchymal cell chondrogenesis is stimulated by basement

membrane matrix and inhibited by age-associated factors.

Bradham D.M.; Passaniti A.; Horton Jr. W.E. AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: NIH/NIA, Gerontology Research Center, 4940 Eastern

Ave., Baltimore, MD 21224, United States

Matrix Biology, (1995) Vol. 14, No. 7, pp. 561-571. ISSN: 0945-053X CODEN: MTBOEC SOURCE:

COUNTRY: Germany

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

Developmental Biology and Teratology FILE SEGMENT: 021

> Clinical Biochemistry 029

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 950809 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 950809

=> dis ti ibib 121 41-50
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:Y

L21 ANSWER 41 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

TI Transforming growth factor- β blocks myelination but not ensheathment of axons by Schwann cells in vitro.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95027759 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1995027759

TITLE: Transforming growth factor-β blocks myelination but

not ensheathment of axons by Schwann cells in

vitro.

AUTHOR: Guenard V.; Gwynn L.A.; Wood P.M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Miami Project to Cure Paralysis, Miami University School of

Medicine, 1600 NW 10th Avenue, Miami, FL 33136, United

States

SOURCE: Journal of Neuroscience, (1995) Vol. 15, No. 1 I, pp.

419-428.

ISSN: 0270-6474 CODEN: JNRSDS

COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 008 Neurology and Neurosurgery

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 950209

Last Updated on STN: 950209

L21 ANSWER 42 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI Inhibition of TGF- β 3 (but not TGF- β 1 or TGF- β 2) activity

prevents normal mouse embryonic palate fusion.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95181068 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1995181068

TITLE: Inhibition of TGF- β 3 (but not TGF- β 1 or

TGF- β 2) activity prevents normal mouse

embryonic palate fusion.

AUTHOR: Brunet C.L.; Sharpe P.M.; Ferguson M.W.J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. of Cells/Immunology/Development, School of Biological

Sciences, University of Manchester, Oxford Road, Manchester

M13 9PT, United Kingdom

SOURCE: International Journal of Developmental Biology, (1995) Vol.

39, No. 2, pp. 345-355.

ISSN: 0214-6282 CODEN: IJDBE5

COUNTRY: Spain

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 001 Anatomy, Anthropology, Embryology and Histology

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 950718

Last Updated on STN: 950718

L21 ANSWER 43 OF 66 MEDLINE on STN

TI Amniotic fluid and plasma levels of parathyroid hormone-related protein

and hormonal modulation of its secretion by amniotic fluid cells.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96038739 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 7581942

TITLE: Amniotic fluid and plasma levels of parathyroid

hormone-related protein and hormonal modulation of its

secretion by amniotic fluid cells.

COMMENT: Comment in: Eur J Endocrinol. 1995 Sep;133(3):272-4. PubMed

ID: 7581941

AUTHOR: Dvir R; Golander A; Jaccard N; Yedwab G; Otremski I; Spirer

Z; Weisman Y

CORPORATE SOURCE: Bone Disease Unit, Tel-Aviv Sourasky Medical Center,

Israel.

SOURCE: European journal of endocrinology / European Federation of

Endocrine Societies, (1995 Sep) 133 (3) 277-82.

Journal code: 9423848. ISSN: 0804-4643.

PUB. COUNTRY: Norway

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199511

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19960124

Last Updated on STN: 20021217 Entered Medline: 19951130

L21 ANSWER 44 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI Relationship between serum estradiol concentration and IGF-I, IGF

-II and IGF-binding proteins in patients with premature ovarian

failure on short- term estradiol therapy.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95259180 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1995259180

TITLE: Relationship between serum estradiol concentration and

IGF-I, IGF-II and IGF-binding proteins

in patients with premature ovarian failure on short- term

estradiol therapy.

AUTHOR: Elias A.N.; Stone S.C.; Tayyanipour R.; Pandian M.R.; Rojas

F.J.; Gwinup G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. of Endocrinology and Metabolism, Department of

Medicine, University of California, 101 City Drive

South, Orange, CA 92668, United States

SOURCE: International Journal of Fertility and Menopausal Studies,

(1995) Vol. 40, No. 4, pp. 196-201.

ISSN: 1069-3130 CODEN: IFMEEV

COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 950919

Last Updated on STN: 950919

L21 ANSWER 45 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI Gene therapy of murine teratocarcinoma: Separate functions for

insulin- like growth factors I and II in immunogenicity and

differentiation.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94196667 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1994196667

TITLE: Gene therapy of murine teratocarcinoma: Separate

functions for insulin- like growth factors I and II in

immunogenicity and differentiation.

AUTHOR: Trojan J.; Johnson T.R.; Rudin S.D.; Blossey B.K.; Kelley

K.M.; Shevelev A.; Abdul-Karim F.W.; Anthony D.D.;

Tykocinski M.L.; Ilan J.; Ilan J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Pathology, Case Western Reserve Univ. Med.

Sch., Cleveland, OH 44106-4943, United States

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the

United States of America, (1994) Vol. 91, No. 13, pp.

6088-6092.

ISSN: 0027-8424 CODEN: PNASA6

COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

United States Journal; Article

016 Cancer

026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation

LANGUAGE: SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 940713

Last Updated on STN: 940713

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Transforming growth factor- β stimulates endometrial stromal apoptosis TT in vitro.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

94087158 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1994087158

TITLE:

Transforming growth factor-β stimulates endometrial

stromal apoptosis in vitro.

AUTHOR:

Moulton B.C.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Obstetrics/Gynecology, Cincinnati Univ. College of Medicine, Cincinnati, OH 45267-0526, United

States

SOURCE:

Endocrinology, (1994) Vol. 134, No. 3, pp. 1055-1060.

ISSN: 0013-7227 CODEN: ENDOAO

COUNTRY:

United States Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

003 Endocrinology

Clinical Biochemistry 029

LANGUAGE: SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 940414

Last Updated on STN: 940414

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reserved on STN

ΤI Differential response of embryonic and fetal myoblasts to TGFβ: A possible regulatory mechanism of skeletal muscle

histogenesis.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

94122522 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1994122522

TITLE:

Differential response of embryonic and fetal

myoblasts to TGFβ: A possible regulatory mechanism of

skeletal muscle histogenesis.

AUTHOR:

Cusella-De Angelis M.G.; Molinari S.; Le Donne A.; Coletta M.; Vivarelli E.; Bouche M.; Molinaro M.; Ferrari S.; Cossu

G.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute Histology and Embryology, University of Rome 'La

Sapienza', Via A Scarpa 14,00161 Rome, Italy

SOURCE:

Development, (1994) Vol. 120, No. 4, pp. 925-933.

ISSN: 0950-1991 CODEN: DEVPED

COUNTRY:

United Kingdom Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Developmental Biology and Teratology 021

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 940504

Last Updated on STN: 940504

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[Juvenille Wiedemann-Beckwith syndrome with severe maternal hypoglycemia, TI acute fatty liver of pregnancy and Sheehan's syndrome].

SYNDROME DE WIEDEMANN-BECKWITH INFANTILE, AVEC HYPOGLYCEMIE MATERNELLE SEVERE, STEATOSE HEPATIQUE AIGUE GRAVIDIQUE ET SYNDROME DE SHEEHAN.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94094671 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1994094671

TITLE: [Juvenille Wiedemann-Beckwith syndrome with severe maternal

hypoglycemia, acute fatty liver of pregnancy and

Sheehan's syndrome].

SYNDROME DE WIEDEMANN-BECKWITH INFANTILE, AVEC HYPOGLYCEMIE MATERNELLE SEVERE, STEATOSE HEPATIQUE AIGUE GRAVIDIQUE ET

SYNDROME DE SHEEHAN.

AUTHOR: Vambergue A.; Vantyghem M.C.; Leclerc L.; Hober C.;

Fourrier F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: CH Regional Universitaire, Service

d'Endocrinologie/Metabolisme, USN A, 6 Rue du Professeur-Laguesse,59037 Lille Cedex, France

SOURCE: Revue Française d'Endocrinologie Clinique - Nutrition et

Metabolisme, (1994) Vol. 35, No. 1, pp. 69-76.

ISSN: 0048-8062 CODEN: RECNAS

COUNTRY: France

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

006 Internal Medicine

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

022 Human Genetics

LANGUAGE: French

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: French; English ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 940418

Last Updated on STN: 940418

L21 ANSWER 49 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI Growth factors and decidualization in vitro.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95030332 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1995030332

TITLE: Growth factors and decidualization in

vitro.

AUTHOR: Irwin J.C.; De Las Fuentes L.; Giudice L.C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept of Gynecology and Obstetrics, Stanford University

Medical Center, Stanford, CA 94305, United States

SOURCE: Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, (1994) Vol.

734, pp. 7-18.

ISSN: 0077-8923 CODEN: ANYAA

COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article

OCCUMENT TIPE: OCCUMENT, CONTENENCE ALCICLE

FILE SEGMENT: 010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 950215

Last Updated on STN: 950215

L21 ANSWER 50 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

TI Trophoblasts protect the inner cell mass from macrophage destruction.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 93259698 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1993259698

TITLE:

Trophoblasts protect the inner cell mass from macrophage

destruction.

AUTHOR: Sionov R.V.; Yagel S.; Har-Nir R.; Gallily R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lautenberg Gen./Tumor Immunol. Ctr., Hadassah Medical

School, Hebrew University, Ein Kerem, Jerusalem, Israel

SOURCE: Biology of Reproduction, (1993) Vol. 49, No. 3, pp.

588-595.

ISSN: 0006-3363 CODEN: BIREBV

United States COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

Developmental Biology and Teratology FILE SEGMENT: 021 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation 026

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 931003 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 931003

=> dis ti ibib 121 51-60

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE' - CONTINUE? (Y) /N:Y

L21 ANSWER 51 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Insulin-like growth factor I activates the invasion suppressor function of TТ

E-cadherin in MCF-7 human mammary carcinoma cells in

vitro.

93229440 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993229440 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Insulin-like growth factor I activates the invasion TITLE:

suppressor function of E-cadherin in MCF-7 human mammary

carcinoma cells in vitro.

Bracke M.E.; Vyncke B.M.; Bruyneel E.A.; Vermeulen S.J.; De AUTHOR:

Bruyne G.K.; Van Larebeke N.A.; Vleminckx K.; Van Roy F.M.;

Mareel M.M.

Lab of Experimental Cancerology, Dept Radiotherapy Nuclear CORPORATE SOURCE:

Medicine, University Hospital, De Pintelaan 185, B-9000

Gent, Belgium

British Journal of Cancer, (1993) Vol. 68, No. 2, pp. SOURCE:

282-289.

ISSN: 0007-0920 CODEN: BJCAAI

United Kingdom COUNTRY: Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE:

Cancer 016 FILE SEGMENT: Drug Literature Index 037

English LANGUAGE: SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 930912 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 930912

L21 ANSWER 52 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN TI

Insulin-like growth factor regulation of human endometrial stromal cell function: Coordinate effects on insulin-like growth factor binding

protein-1, cell proliferation and prolactin secretion.

93309830 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1993309830

Insulin-like growth factor regulation of human endometrial TITLE:

stromal cell function: Coordinate effects on insulin-like growth factor binding protein-1, cell proliferation and

prolactin secretion.

Irwin J.C.; De Las Fuentes L.; Dsupin B.A.; Giudice L.C. AUTHOR: Stanford Medical Center, Stanford, CA 94305, United States CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Regulatory Peptides, (1993) Vol. 48, No. 1-2, pp. 165-177.

ISSN: 0167-0115 CODEN: REPPDY

Netherlands COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 931121 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 931121

L21 ANSWER 53 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Insulin and insulin-like growth factor I enhance regeneration in cultured TI

adult rat sensory neurones.

93104955 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1993104955

TITLE: Insulin and insulin-like growth factor I enhance

regeneration in cultured adult rat sensory neurones.

AUTHOR: Fernyhough P.; Willars G.B.; Lindsay R.M.; Tomlinson D.R.

Department of Pharmacology, Queen Mary and Westfield CORPORATE SOURCE:

College, University of London, London El 4NS, United Kingdom

Brain Research, (1993) Vol. 607, No. 1-2, pp. 117-124. ISSN: 0006-8993 CODEN: BRREAP SOURCE:

Netherlands COUNTRY: Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE: Endocrinology FILE SEGMENT: 003

Developmental Biology and Teratology 021

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English English SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 930516

Last Updated on STN: 930516

L21 ANSWER 54 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

Wilms' tumor (WT1) gene expression in rat decidual differentiation.

93363278 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993363278 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Wilms' tumor (WT1) gene expression in rat decidual

differentiation.

Zhou J.; Ranscher III F.J.; Bondy C. AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: NIH, BG 10, Bethesda, MD 20892, United States

Differentiation, (1993) Vol. 54, No. 2, pp. 109-114. ISSN: 0301-4681 CODEN: DFFNAW SOURCE:

COUNTRY: Germany

Journal; Article DOCUMENT TYPE:

Anatomy, Anthropology, Embryology and Histology FILE SEGMENT: 001

> Developmental Biology and Teratology 021

022 Human Genetics

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 940123

Last Updated on STN: 940123

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reserved on STN

In vivo and in vitro effect of growth hormone on

estradiol secretion by human granulosa cells.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 93206791 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1993206791

TITLE: In vivo and in vitro effect of growth

hormone on estradiol secretion by human granulosa cells. Barreca A.; Artini P.G.; Del Monte P.; Ponzani P.; Pasquini AUTHOR:

P.; Cariola G.; Volpe A.; Genazzani A.R.; Giordano G.;

Minuto F.

University of Genova, Viale Benedetto XV no. 6, I-16132 CORPORATE SOURCE:

Genova, Italy

SOURCE: Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, (1993)

Vol. 77, No. 1, pp. 61-67.

ISSN: 0021-972X CODEN: JCEMAZ

COUNTRY: United States DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 930815

Last Updated on STN: 930815

L21 ANSWER 56 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

TI Insulin-like growth factors (IGFs): Implications for aging.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 92353358 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1992353358

TITLE: Insulin-like growth factors (IGFs): Implications for aging.

AUTHOR: Cohen P.; Ocrant I.; Fielder P.J.; Neely E.K.; Gargosky

S.E.; Deal C.I.; Ceda G.P.; Youngman O.; Pham H.; Lamson

G.; Giudice L.C.; Rosenfeld R.G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pediatrics, Division of Pediatric

Endocrinology, Stanford University Medical Center, Stanford,

CA 94305, United States

SOURCE: Psychoneuroendocrinology, (1992) Vol. 17, No. 4, pp.

335-342.

ISSN: 0306-4530 CODEN: PSYCDE

COUNTRY: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

020 Gerontology and Geriatrics

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 921220

Last Updated on STN: 921220

L21 ANSWER 57 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

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TI Modulation of the epidermal growth factor receptor of mouse

embryonic palatal mesenchyme cells in vitro by

growth factors.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 92250631 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1992250631

TITLE: Modulation of the epidermal growth factor receptor of mouse

embryonic palatal mesenchyme cells in

vitro by growth factors.

AUTHOR: Sharpe P.M.; Brunet C.L.; Ferguson M.W.J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Animal and Human Reproduction, Dept. of Cell/Structural

Biology, University of Manchester, Oxford Road, Manchester

M13 9PT, United Kingdom

SOURCE: International Journal of Developmental Biology, (1992) Vol.

36, No. 2, pp. 275-282.

ISSN: 0214-6282 CODEN: IJDBE5

COUNTRY: Spain

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 001 Anatomy, Anthropology, Embryology and Histology

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 920913

Last Updated on STN: 920913

L21 ANSWER 58 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

TI Transforming growth factor β has neurotrophic actions on sensory neurons in vitro and is synergistic with nerve growth

factor.

92250409 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1992250409

TITLE:

Transforming growth factor β has neurotrophic actions

on sensory neurons in vitro and is

synergistic with nerve growth factor.

AUTHOR:

Chalazonitis A.; Kalberg J.; Twardzik D.R.; Morrison R.S.;

Kessler J.A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dept. of Anatomy and Cell Biology, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, 630 W. 168th St., New

York, NY 10032, United States

SOURCE:

Developmental Biology, (1992) Vol. 152, No. 1, pp. 121-132.

ISSN: 0012-1606 CODEN: DEBIAO

COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

Anatomy, Anthropology, Embryology and Histology 001

Developmental Biology and Teratology 021

Drug Literature Index 037

LANGUAGE: SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 920913

Last Updated on STN: 920913

MEDLINE on STN L21 ANSWER 59 OF 66

DUPLICATE 4

Influence of the fetus and estrogen on maternal serum growth hormone,

insulin-like growth factor-

II, and epidermal growth factor concentrations during baboon

pregnancy.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

92063866 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 1954892

TITLE:

Influence of the fetus and estrogen on maternal serum

growth hormone, insulin-like growth factor-II, and epidermal

growth factor concentrations during baboon

pregnancy.

AUTHOR:

Putney D J; Henson M C; Pepe G J; Albrecht E D

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Obstetrics/Gynecology, University of Maryland

School of Medicine, Baltimore 21201.

CONTRACT NUMBER:

RO1-HD-13294 (NICHD) T32-HD-07170 (NICHD)

SOURCE:

Endocrinology, (1991 Dec) 129 (6) 3109-17.

Journal code: 0375040. ISSN: 0013-7227.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199112

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19920124

Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19911227

L21 ANSWER 60 OF 66 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 Elsevier B.V. All rights

reserved on STN

Possible roles for $TGF\beta 1$ in the gastrulating chick embryo. TI

ACCESSION NUMBER:

91240207 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1991240207

TITLE:

Possible roles for TGF\$1 in the gastrulating chick

embryo.

AUTHOR:

Sanders E.J.; Prasad S.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Physiology, University of Alberta, Edmonton,

Alta. T6G 2H7, Canada

SOURCE:

Journal of Cell Science, (1991) Vol. 99, No. 3, pp.

617-626.

ISSN: 0021-9533 CODEN: JNCSAI

COUNTRY:

United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 911216

Last Updated on STN: 911216

=> dis ti ibib 121 61-66

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:Y

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Serum and follicular fluid insulin like growth factors I and II during

growth hormone co-treatment for in-vitro

fertilization and embryo transfer.

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

91331714 EMBASE

TITLE:

1991331714 Serum and follicular fluid insulin like growth factors I

and II during growth hormone co-treatment for

in-vitro fertilization and embryo

transfer.

AUTHOR: CORPORATE SOURCE: Owen E.J.; Torresani T.; West C.; Mason B.A.; Jacobs H.S.

Cobbold Laboratories, Middlesex Hospital, Mortimer

Street, London W1N 8AA, United Kingdom

SOURCE:

Clinical Endocrinology, (1991) Vol. 35, No. 4, pp. 327-334. ISSN: 0300-0664 CODEN: CLENAO

COUNTRY:

United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

003 Endocrinology Obstetrics and Gynecology 010

029 Clinical Biochemistry 037

Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE:

English English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 920305

Last Updated on STN: 920305

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Role of transforming growth factor- β in chondrogenic pattern TI

formation in the embryonic limb: Stimulation of mesenchymal

condensation and fibronectin gene expression by exogenous $TGF-\beta$ and

evidence for endogenous TGF- β -like activity.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

91161030 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1991161030

TITLE:

Role of transforming growth factor-β in chondrogenic

pattern formation in the embryonic limb:

Stimulation of mesenchymal condensation and fibronectin gene expression by exogenous $TGF-\beta$ and evidence for

endogenous TGF- β -like activity.

Leonard C.M.; Fuld H.M.; Frenz D.A.; Downie S.A.; Massague AUTHOR: J.; Newman S.A.

Department of Cell Biology, New York Medical College,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Valhalla, NY 10595, United States

Developmental Biology, (1991) Vol. 145, No. 1, pp. 99-109. SOURCE:

ISSN: 0012-1606 CODEN: DEBIAO

COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 001 Anatomy, Anthropology, Embryology and Histology

> 021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

022 Human Genetics

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 911216

Last Updated on STN: 911216

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TI GRF treatment of late pregnant ewes alters maternal

and fetal somatotropic axis activity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 91180674 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1991180674

TITLE: GRF treatment of late pregnant ewes

alters maternal and fetal somatotropic axis activity.

AUTHOR: Blanchard M.M.; Goodyer C.G.; Charrier J.; Kann G.;

Garcia-Villar R.; Bousquet-Melou A.; Toutain P.L.; Barenton

]

CORPORATE SOURCE: INRA-ENSA, Unite de Differenciation, Cellulaire et

Croissance, 2, Place P. Viala, 34060 Montpellier-Cedex,

France

SOURCE: American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and

Metabolism, (1991) Vol. 260, No. 4 23-4, pp. E575-E580.

ISSN: 0002-9513 CODEN: AJPMD

COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 911216

Last Updated on STN: 911216

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TI Insulin-like growth factor

II is a potent inhibitor of the aromatase activity of human

placental cytotrophoblasts.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 90391061 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1990391061

TITLE: Insulin-like growth

factor II is a potent inhibitor of the

aromatase activity of human placental cytotrophoblasts.

AUTHOR: Nestler J.E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Medical College of Virginia, Div. Endocrinology/Metabolism,

MCV Station, Box 111, Richmond, VA 23298-0111, United States

SOURCE: Endocrinology, (1990) Vol. 127, No. 5, pp. 2064-2070.

ISSN: 0013-7227 CODEN: ENDOAO

COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology 037 Drug Literature Index 029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 911213

Last Updated on STN: 911213

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Transforming growth factor β stimulates the expression of fibronectin and of both subunits of the human fibronectin receptor by cultured human lung fibroblasts.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 88104192 EMBASE

1988104192 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Transforming growth factor β stimulates the expression TITLE:

of fibronectin and of both subunits of the human

fibronectin receptor by cultured human lung fibroblasts. Roberts C.J.; Birkenmeier T.M.; McQuillan J.J.; Akiyama S.K.; Yamada S.S.; Chen W.-T.; Yamada K.M.; McDonald J.A.

Respiratory and Critical Care Division, Department of

CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicine, Washington University School of Medicine, St.

Louis, MO 63110, United States

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry, (1988) Vol. 263, No. 10,

pp. 4586-4592.

ISSN: 0021-9258 CODEN: JBCHA3

COUNTRY: United States

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

AUTHOR:

029 Clinical Biochemistry FILE SEGMENT:

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 911211 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 911211

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TI An examination of the proposed roles of placental lactogen in the ewe by

means of antibody neutralization.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 86012651 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1986012651

TITLE: An examination of the proposed roles of placental lactogen

in the ewe by means of antibody neutralization.

Waters M.J.; Oddy V.H.; McCloghry C.E.; et al. AUTHOR:

Department of Physiology, University of Queensland, St. CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lucia, Qld. 4067, Australia

Journal of Endocrinology, (1985) Vol. 106, No. 3, pp. SOURCE:

377-386.

CODEN: JOENAK United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

COUNTRY:

FILE SEGMENT: 037 Drug Literature Index

> 003 Endocrinology 030 Pharmacology

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 911210

Last Updated on STN: 911210

BORGEEST 10 / 789105

metabolic demands of the developing fetus throughout gestation.

REFERENCE COUNT: 62 THERE ARE 62 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1891 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:58171

AUTHOR (S):

TITLE: Effect of interleukin-10 null mutation on maternal

immune response and reproductive outcome in mice White, Christine A.; Johansson, Martina; Roberts,

Claire T.; Ramsay, Alistair J.; Robertson, Sarah

Α.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology and

Reproductive Medicine Unit, University of Adelaide,

Adelaide, 5005, Australia

SOURCE: Biology of Reproduction (2004), 70(1), 123-131

CODEN: BIREBV; ISSN: 0006-3363

PUBLISHER: Society for the Study of Reproduction

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Interleukin-10 (IL-10) is an anti-inflammatory and immune-deviating cytokine expressed in the endometrium and placenta. IL-10 null mutant (IL-10-/-) mice have been employed to examine the role of IL-10 in regulating immune events in early pregnancy and its significance in implantation and pregnancy success. The inflammatory response elicited in endometrial tissue by insemination was amplified in IL-10-/- mice, with a 66% increase in leukocytes in the endometrial stroma on Day 3 of pregnancy. Despite this, no evidence of abnormal type 1/type 2 skewing was seen in T-lymphocytes from lymph nodes draining the uterus. On Day 18 of gestation, IL-10-/- females mated with IL-10-/- males had 15% more implantation sites and 27% more viable fetuses than pregnant wild-type (IL-10+/+) mice. Placental weight was unaffected, but fetal weight and the fetal:placental weight ratio were higher in IL-10-/- pregnancies. Similar data were obtained in allogeneic pregnancies when IL-10-/- females were mated with major-histocompatibility complex (MHC) disparate IL-10-/males. Pups delivered by IL-10-/- mothers had increased birth weight and followed an altered growth trajectory, with growth impairment evident from early postnatal life into adulthood, which was reflected in alterations in body composition at 14 wk of age. This study shows that although IL-10 is not essential for maternal immune tolerance or successful pregnancy irresp. of MHC disparity in the fetus, maternal IL-10 is a determinant of growth trajectory in progeny in utero and after birth.

REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:980240 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:12095

TITLE: Surfactant-Free, Biodegradable Nanoparticles for

Aerosol Therapy Based on the Branched Polyesters,

DEAPA-PVAL-g-PLGA

AUTHOR(S): Dailey, L. A.; Kleemann, E.; Wittmar, M.; Gessler, T.;

Schmehl, T.; Roberts, C.; Seeger, W.;

Kissel, T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutics and Biopharmacy, Philipps

University, Marburg, 35037, Germany

SOURCE: Pharmaceutical Research (2003), 20(12), 2011-2020

CODEN: PHREEB; ISSN: 0724-8741

PUBLISHER: Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers

BORGEEST 10 / 789105

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

This study describes the development of surfactant-free, biodegradable nanoparticle systems with varying physicochem. properties and their suitability for pulmonary application via nebulization. Nanoparticle suspensions were formulated from the branched polyester, diethylaminopropyl amine-poly(vinyl alc.)-grafted-poly(lactide-coglycolide) (DEAPA-PVAL-g-PLGA) alone, as well as with increasing amts. of CM-cellulose (CMC). Particle size, ζ potential, turbidity, and morphol. (atomic force microscopy) were characterized. Three formulations were chosen for further study: Cationic nanoparticles without CMC, cationic nanoparticles with CMC, and anionic nanoparticles with an excess of CMC. Nanoparticle degradation was characterized, as well as stability during nebulization. Nanoparticle-cell interactions were investigated and quantified using confocal laser scanning microscopy and fluorescence spectrometry. Nanoparticles ranged in size from 70-250 nm and displayed ζ potentials of +58.9 to -46.6 mV. Anionic nanoparticles showed the highest stability during nebulization. degradation rate of each nanoparticle formulation decreased with increasing amts. of CMC. Cell association was highest among cationic nanoparticles (57% and 30%, resp.), although these were not internalized. Despite a lower rate of cell association (3%), anionic nanoparticles were internalized by A549 cells. Surfactant-free nanoparticles from DEAPA-PVAL-g-PLGA are versatile drug delivery systems; however, only the anionic formulations investigated were proven suitable for aerosol therapy.

REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 42 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:878441 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:326732

AUTHOR(S):

TITLE: Tissue engineering for wound and organ repair:

angiogenesis as a mechanism of action
Roberts, C.; Mansbridge, J.; Kellar, R.;

Ratcliffe, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Advanced Tissue Sciences Inc. & Smith and Nephew, La

Jolla, CA, 10933, USA

SOURCE: Recent Research Developments in Biomaterials (2002),

323-334. Editor(s): Ikada, Yoshito. Research

Signpost: Trivandrum, India.

CODEN: 69ESA9; ISBN: 81-7736-123-6

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

AB A review and discussion. Over the last two decades, skin substitutes have been developed which have found application in the treatment of acute and chronic wounds. Laboratory investigation of the mechanism of action of these agents has revealed that they depend for their action on the production of growth factors, on the provision of a substrate on which keratinocyte migration can take place, and in the modification of the inflammatory response. The angiogenic activity of tissue engineered products, such as Dermagraft which is a three-dimensional, scaffold-based fibroblast culture system, has lead to their application to the important problem of reperfusion of the heart made ischemic by coronary arterial occlusion. Recent studies in exptl. animals have demonstrated that Dermagraft application to a heart in which the coronary circulation has been occluded, causes the generation of new blood vessels including arterioles, venules and capillaries. In the future, optimization of such a system; in terms of cell type, scaffold architecture and